

FEATURES

- ◆ 5.2KVDC Isolation
- ◆ SIP7 Package
- ◆ Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C
- ◆ No Heat Sink Required
- ◆ Internal SMD Construction
- ◆ Low Isolation Capacitance
- ◆ No External Component Required
- ◆ Industry Standard Pinout
- ◆ RoHS Compliance

MODEL SELECTION

FB^①05^②05^③X^④S^⑤-1W^⑥

- | | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| ①Product Series | ②Input Voltage |
| ③Output Voltage | ④Fixed Input |
| ⑤Package Style | ⑥Rated Power |

APPLICATIONS

The EA-XS-1W&FB-XS-1W Series are specially designed for applications where group of polar power supplies are isolated from the input power supply in a distributed power supply system on a circuit board.

These products apply to:

- 1) Where the voltage of the input power supply is fixed (voltage variation $\leq \pm 10\%$);
- 2) Where isolation is necessary between input and output (isolation voltage $\leq 5200\text{VDC}$);
- 3) Where the regulation of the output voltage and the output ripple noise are not demanding. Such as: purely digital circuits, ordinary low frequency analog circuits, and IGBT power device driving circuits.



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PRODUCT PROGRAM

| Part Number | Input | | Output | | Efficiency (% Typ) | |
|-------------|---------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|--|
| | Voltage (VDC) | | Voltage (VDC) | Current (mA) | | |
| | Nominal | Range | | | | |
| EA0505XS-1W | 5 | 4.5-5.5 | ± 5 | ± 100 | ± 10 70 | |
| EA0509XS-1W | 5 | 4.5-5.5 | ± 9 | ± 56 | ± 6 71 | |
| EA0512XS-1W | 5 | 4.5-5.5 | ± 12 | ± 42 | ± 5 72 | |
| EA0515XS-1W | 5 | 4.5-5.5 | ± 15 | ± 33 | ± 4 74 | |
| FB0505XS-1W | 5 | 4.5-5.5 | 5 | 200 | 20 70 | |
| FB0509XS-1W | 5 | 4.5-5.5 | 9 | 111 | 12 71 | |
| FB0512XS-1W | 5 | 4.5-5.5 | 12 | 83 | 9 72 | |
| FB0515XS-1W | 5 | 4.5-5.5 | 15 | 67 | 7 74 | |
| EA1205XS-1W | 12 | 10.8-13.2 | ± 5 | ± 100 | ± 10 70 | |
| EA1209XS-1W | 12 | 10.8-13.2 | ± 9 | ± 56 | ± 6 72 | |
| EA1212XS-1W | 12 | 10.8-13.2 | ± 12 | ± 42 | ± 5 74 | |
| EA1215XS-1W | 12 | 10.8-13.2 | ± 15 | ± 33 | ± 4 75 | |
| FB1205XS-1W | 12 | 10.8-13.2 | 5 | 200 | 20 70 | |
| FB1209XS-1W | 12 | 10.8-13.2 | 9 | 111 | 12 71 | |
| FB1212XS-1W | 12 | 10.8-13.2 | 12 | 83 | 9 72 | |
| FB1215XS-1W | 12 | 10.8-13.2 | 15 | 67 | 7 74 | |
| EA2405XS-1W | 24 | 21.6-26.4 | ± 5 | ± 100 | ± 10 72 | |
| EA2409XS-1W | 24 | 21.6-26.4 | ± 9 | ± 56 | ± 6 74 | |
| EA2412XS-1W | 24 | 21.6-26.4 | ± 12 | ± 42 | ± 5 76 | |
| EA2415XS-1W | 24 | 21.6-26.4 | ± 15 | ± 33 | ± 4 78 | |
| FB2405XS-1W | 24 | 21.6-26.4 | 5 | 200 | 20 72 | |
| FB2409XS-1W | 24 | 21.6-26.4 | 9 | 111 | 12 74 | |
| FB2412XS-1W | 24 | 21.6-26.4 | 12 | 83 | 9 76 | |
| FB2415XS-1W | 24 | 21.6-26.4 | 15 | 67 | 7 78 | |

ISOLATION SPECIFICATIONS

| Item | Test conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|------|-----|-----|-------|
| Isolation voltage | Tested for 1 minute and 1mA max | 5200 | | | VDC |
| Isolation resistance | Test at 1000VDC | 1000 | | | MΩ |
| Isolation capacitance | | | 10 | | pF |

COMMON SPECIFICATIONS

| Item | Test conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|------|-----|-----|---------------------|
| Storage humidity | | | | 95 | % |
| Operating temperature | | -40 | | 85 | |
| Storage temperature | | -55 | | 125 | |
| Lead temperature | 1.5mm from case for 10 seconds | | | 300 | °C |
| Temp. rise at full load | | | 15 | 25 | |
| Short circuit protection* | 5V input voltage | | | 1 | Second |
| | 12V/24V input voltage | | | | Continuous |
| Cooling | | | | | Free air convection |
| Case material | | | | | Plastic(UL94-V0) |
| MTBF | | 3500 | | | K hours |
| Weight | | | 4.2 | | g |

*supply voltage must be discontinued at the end of short circuit duration.

OUTPUT SPECIFICATIONS

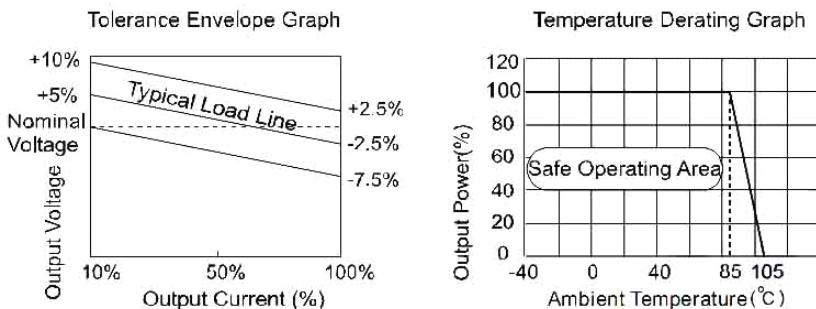
| Item | Test conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-------------------------|---|------------------------------|------|-----------|-------|
| Output power | | 0.1 | | 1 | W |
| Line regulation | For Vin change of 1% | | | ± 1.2 | |
| Load regulation | 10% to 100% load(5V output) | | 12.8 | 15 | % |
| | 10% to 100% load (9V output) | | 8.3 | 15 | |
| | 10% to 100% load (12V output) | | 6.8 | 15 | |
| | 10% to 100% load (15V output) | | 6.3 | 15 | |
| Output voltage accuracy | | See tolerance envelope graph | | | |
| Temperature drift | 100% full load | | | 0.03 | %/°C |
| Ripple & Noise* | 20MHz Bandwidth | | 150 | 200 | mVp-p |
| Switching frequency | Full load, nominal input (others input) | | 250 | | KHz |
| | | | 42 | | |

*Test ripple and noise by "parallel cable" method. See detailed operation instructions at Testing of Power Converter section, application notes.

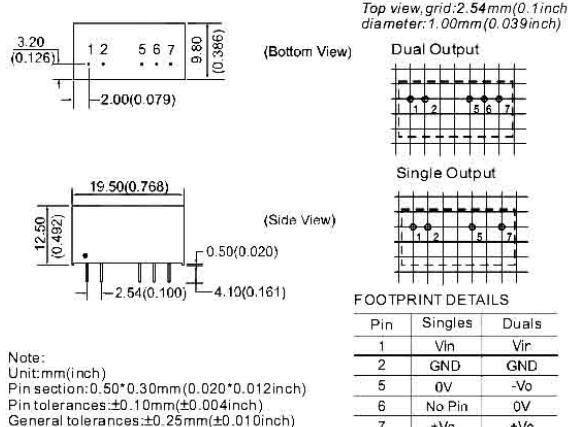
Note:

- All specifications measured at TA=25 °C ,humidity<75%,nominal input voltage and rated output load unless otherwise specified.
- Dual output models unbalanced load: $\pm 5\%$.

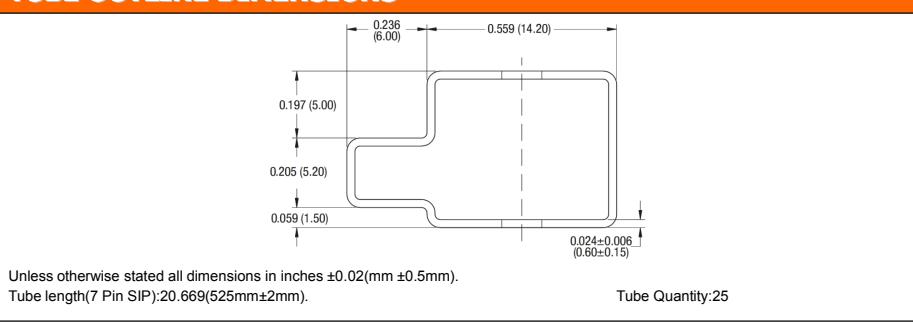
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



OUTLINE DIMENSIONS & PIN CONNECTIONS



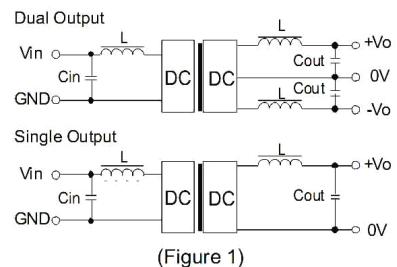
TUBE OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



APPLICATION NOTE

Recommended testing and application circuit

If you want to further decrease the input/output ripple, an "LC" filtering network may be connected to the input and output ends of the DC/DC converter, see (Figure 1).



It should also be noted that the inductance and the frequency of the "LC" filtering network should be staggered with the DC/DC frequency to avoid mutual interference. However, the capacitance of the output filter capacitor must be proper. If the capacitance is too big, a startup problem might arise. For every channel of output, provided the safe and reliable operation is ensured, the greatest capacitance of its filter capacitor sees (Table 1).

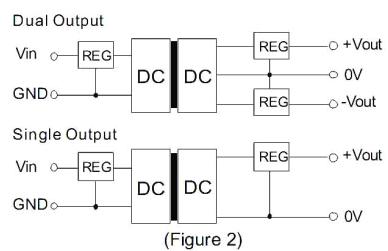
EXTERNAL CAPACITOR TABLE (TABLE 1)

| Vin (VDC) | Cin (uF) | Single Vout (VDC) | Cout (uF) | Dual Vout (VDC) | Cout (uF) |
|--------------|-------------|-------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|
| 5 | 4.7 | 5 | 10 | ± 5 | 4.7 |
| 12 | 2.2 | 9 | 4.7 | ± 9 | 2.2 |
| 24 | 1 | 12 | 2.2 | ± 12 | 1 |
| - | - | 15 | 1 | ± 15 | 1 |

It is not recommended to connect any external capacitor in the application field with less than 0.5 watt output.

Output Voltage Regulation and Over-voltage Protection Circuit

The simplest device for output voltage regulation, over-voltage and over-current protection is a linear voltage regulator with overheat protection that is connected to the input or output end in series (Figure 2).



Overload Protection

Under normal operating conditions, the output circuit of these products has no protection against overload. The simplest method is to connect a self-recovery fuse in series at the input end or add a circuit breaker to the circuit.

No parallel connection or plug and play.