## PEV3-xxxxZLF

PSD-SERIES Rev.04-2009

✓ 1 Watt

- ✓ Unregulated
- ✓ Dual Output
- ✓ SMD Case
- √ 3 kV DC I/O Isolation
- ✓ Low Ripple and Noise

Mainzer Straße 151–153
D-55299 Nackenheim
Tel. +49 6135 7026-0
Fax: +49 6135 931070
www.peak-electronics.de
peak@peak-electronics.de

The PSD - PEV3-xxxxZLF series is a family of cost effective 1 W dual output DC/DC converters. These converters are in an ultra miniature SMD case. Devices are encapsulated. High performance features: 3000VDC input/output isolation, industrial standard pinout, high power density, no heatsink required

All specifications typical at Ta=25°C, nominal input voltage and full load unless otherwise specified

**Input Specifications** 

Voltage Range ± 10%

**Output Specifications** 

Voltage Accuracy ± 5%, typ.
Short Circuit Protection Short Term

Line Regulation

3.3 Vout ± 1.5%, max. (For Vin Change of 1%)

Others ± 1.2%, max. (For Vin Change of 1%)

Load Regulation (10% - 100% 3.3 Vout / 5 Vout 20% / 15%, max.

9, 12, 15 Vout 10%, max.

Ripple and Noise (20Mhz bandwidth) 75 mV pk-pk, max.

Temperature Coefficient ± 0.03% / ℃

**General Specifications** 

Efficiency
I/O Isolation Voltage (3 sec.)
3000 VDC
I/O Isolation Resistance (Tested at 500 VDC)
Switching Frequency
Humidity
Reliability Calculated MTBF (MIL-HDBK-217F)
See Table
3000 VDC
1000 M Ohm
100 kHz, typ
95% rel H
> 3500 khrs

**Physical Specifications** 

Case Material Non Conductive Black Plastic (UL94V-0 rated)

Potting Material Epoxy (UL94V-0 rated)

Weight ~ 1.7g, typ.

**Environment Specifications** 

Operating Temperature -40 to +85 °C (ambient)

Storage Temperature -55 to +125 °C

Cooling Free Air Convection (10mm distance required)
Soldering Not usable for heat steam soldering

Soldering Not usable for heat steam soldering RoHS Conform



# Selection Guide Dual Output

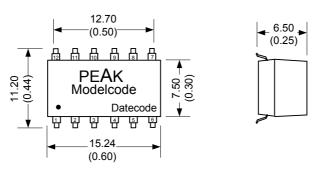
		NDC)	Ontbry Cruceut	Ontbrt Cruet Cruex (Wy)	t min. (mA)
Order #	Input Voltag	Ontbry Aoltae	Ontbrt Crucer	Ontbry Chue	Efficiency (%)
SINGLE OUTPUT					
PEV3-0505ZLF	5	± 5	± 100	± 10	71
PEV3-0509ZLF	5	± 9	± 55	± 6	77
PEV3-0512ZLF	5	± 12	± 42	± 5	78
PEV3-0515ZLF	5	± 15	± 33	± 4	79
PEV3-1205ZLF	12	± 5	± 100	± 10	71
PEV3-1209ZLF	12	± 9	± 55	± 6	73
PEV3-1212ZLF	12	± 12	± 42	± 5	74
PEV3-1215ZLF	12	± 15	± 33	± 4	75

If you need other specifications, please enquire.

Notes:	



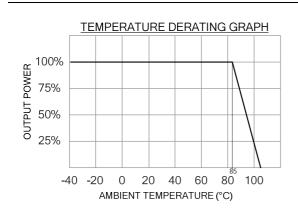
## Package / Pinning / Derating



All dimensions are typical in millimeters (inches).

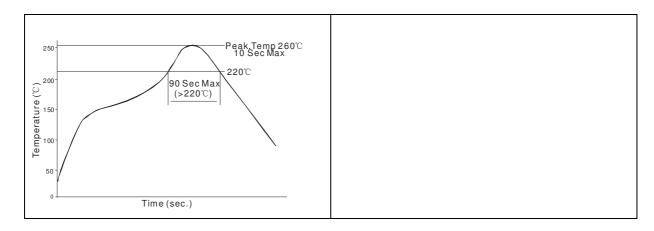
- Pin pitch tolerance: +/-0.35 (+/-0.014)
- Case tolerance +/-0.5 (+/-0.02) Specification may change without notice.

**PSD-Series 3kV** 



PIN CONNECTIONS				
#	DUAL			
1	- Vin			
2	+Vin			
4	Omitted			
5	Common			
6	- Vout			
8	+Vout			
9	Omitted			
Others	N.C.			

#### Reflow:





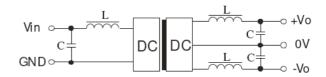
## **App Notes**

## Requirement on output load

To ensure this module can operate efficiently and reliably, during operation, the minimum output load is **not less than 10%** of the full load, and that **this product should never be operated under no-load!** If the actual output power is very small, please connect a resistor with proper resistance at the output end in parallel to increase the load.

### Recommended testing circuit

If you want to further decrease the input/output ripple, an "LC" filtering network may be connected to the input and output ends if the DC/DC converter, see Figure on the right hand side.



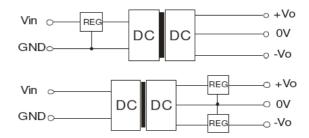
It should also be noted that the inductance and the frequency of the "LC" filtering network should be staggered with the DC/DC frequency to avoid mutual interference. However, the capacitance of the output filter capacitor must be proper. If the capacitance is too big, a start-up problem might arise. For every channel of output, provided the safe and reliable operation is ensured, the greatest capacitance of its filter capacitor sees (see Table).

EXTERNAL CAPACITOR TABLE							
Vin (VDC)	Cin (uF)	Vout (VDC)	Cout (uF)				
3.3 / 5	4.7	± 3.3 / 5	4.7				
12	2.2	± 9	2.2				
		± 12	2.2				
		± 15	1				

It's not recommended to connect any external capacitor in the application field with less than 0.5 watt output.

# Output Voltage Regulation and Over-voltage Protection Circuit

The simplest device for output voltage regulation, over-voltage and over-current protection is a linear voltage regulator with overheat protection that is connected to the input or output end in series.



#### **Overload Protection**

Under normal operating conditions, the output circuit of these products has no protection against over-current and short-circuits. The simplest method is to connect a self-recovery fuse in series at the input end or add a circuit breaker to the circuit.

No parallel connection or plug and play.