# MDL24 Series

# MOTIEN WULLEN

# High Efficiency Step Down LED Driver

#### **Features**

- RoHS-compliant 16 Pin DIL Package
- Constant Current Output (±7% Output Current Accuracy)
- LED Driver Current 500 / 600 / 700 / 1000 mA
- Power LED Driver
- Wide Input Voltage Range: 7V to 30V (40V for 0.5sec.)
- Output Power 14 / 17 / 20 / 24 W
- Driver LED Strings of up to 28V (2V to 28V)
- High Efficiency (up to 95%)
- PWM/Digital Dimming and Analog Voltage Dimming
- Open and Short LED Protection
- -40°C ~85°C Operation Temperature Range
- With MLCC Capacitors only



# Application

- 12V and 24V Lighting Systems
- Household/Commercial lighting
- Suitable for high illumination LED
- Power limited (battery) lighting system

MDL24 Series is a high efficiency step-down converter optimized to drive high current LEDs. The control algorithm allows highly efficient and accurate LED current regulation. The device operates from an input 7Vdc to 30Vdc and provides an externally adjustable output current of up to 1000mA and output power up to 24 watts. Compact size of DIL16 allows designer to integrate this driver together with LED module. UL94V-0 grade molded case with high grade filling material provide excellent fire proof characteristics.

#### (Typical at Ta = +25°C, nominal inputvoltage, rated output current unless otherwise specified.

Electrical Specifications:	
Input Voltage (Vdc)	7V ~ 30V,24Vdc Nominal
Input Filter	Capacitor
Output Voltage Range (Vin = 30V	2V to 28V
Output Current Range (Vin - Vout	> 3V) See table
Output Current Accuracy	See table
Output Power	See table
Ripple and Noise, (20 MHz bandwi	dth) See table
Maximum Efficiency at Full Loa	95%
Capacitive Load	47uF
Operating Frequency	50 kHz ~330 kHz
Short Circuit Protection	Regulated at Rated Output Current
Temperature Coefficient	±0.08%/°C, max.
Thermal Impedance (Nature Conv	ection) +50°C/W
Safety Standard : (designed to mee	t) IEC / EN 60950-1

	Dimming Control and ON/OFF Contro	I (Leave Open if NotUsed):
1	V <sub>ADJ</sub> Pin Input Voltage Range	0V to 1.25V
	Vadu Pin Drive Current (VADJ = 1.25V)	<1mA
	Analog Dimming Adjust Output Current (Vin - Vout < 20V) Control Voltage Range Limits	25% to 100%
	On	$0.3V < V_{ADJ} < 1.25V$
	Off	V <sub>ADJ</sub> < 0.15V
	PWM Dimming	
	Recommended Maximum Operation F	requency 1KHz
	Adjust Output Current	0% to 100%
	Remote ON/OFF	
	DC/DC ON 0.3V <	VADJ < 1.25V or open circuit
l	DC/DC OFF (Shutdown) VADJ < 0.15V	or Short circuit pin 1,2 and pin 3
	Quiescent Input Currentin Shutdown Mo	ode (Vin = 30V) 25uA, max.

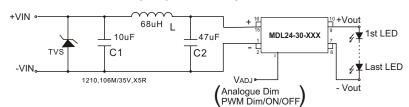
Environmental Specifications		
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +85°C(See Derating Curve)	
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to +125°C	
Humidity	95% rel H	
Maximum Case Tempeature	+100°C	
Cooling	Nature Convection	
Reliability Calculated MTBF(MIL-HDBK-217F) >1.6		
Soldering Temperature (1.5mm from	case 10 sec. Max.) +260°C, max.	

EMC SPECIFICATIONS	
EMI Radiated & Conducted Emissions	EN 55015 (CISPR22)
EMS Immunity EN61547	
IEC 61000-4-2	Perf. Criteria A
IEC 61000-4-3	Perf. Criteria A
IEC 61000-4-4	Perf. Criteria A
IEC 61000-4-6	Perf. Criteria A
IFC 61000-4-8	Perf Criteria A

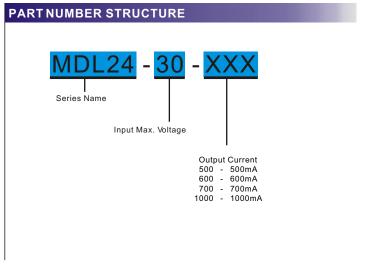
Physical Specifications					
Case Material	Non-Conductive Black Plastic(UL94V-0 rated)				
Potting Material	Silicon (UL94V-0 rated)				
Pin Material	Ø0.5mm Brass Solder-coated				
Weight	6.2g				
Dimensions	0.92"x0.55"x0.40"				

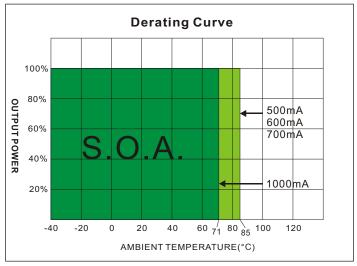
#### NOTE

- 1. Reversed power source damages the circuit, No connection is allowed between input ground and output.
- 2.DO NOT operate the driver over 24W output.
- 3.Leave pin VADJ open if not in use, ground pin to shut down the converter. Connecting Vadj to Vin damages the circuit.
- 4. Maximum output open voltage is equal to input voltage.
- Input filter components (C1, L, C2) are used to help meet conducted emissions requirement for the module.
- 6.For the compliance with IEC61000-4-5, a TVS is thus recommended to be installed in from of the input filter , the reference model: 3.0SMCJ24A or SMCJ24A (TVS Max Clamping Voltage @ Max Peak Pulse Current VC (V)  $\leq$  40V )





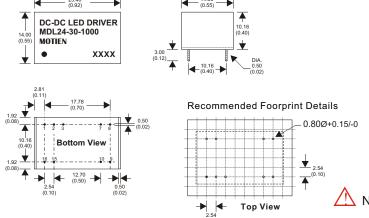




## MODEL SELECTION GUIDE

INPUT OUTPUT		OUTPUT Current	OUTPUT					
MODEL NUMBER	Voltage Rang e	Voltage Range	Current	Accuracy	Power	EFFICIE NCY	Ripple and No ise	Capac itor
	(Vdc)	(Vdc)	(mA)	(%)	(W) Max.	@FL(%) Max.	mVp-p M ax.	Load(uF)
MDL24 -30-500	7-30	2 - 28	500	±6	14	75 - 95	250	47
MDL24 -30-600	7 - 30	2 - 28	600	±7	17	75 - 95	250	47
MDL24-30-700	7-30	2 - 28	700	±7	20	75 - 95	250	47
MDL24-30-1000	7 - 30	2 - 28	1000	±7	24	75 - 95	300	47

#### **MECHANICAL DIMENSION**



## 16 Pin DIL Package

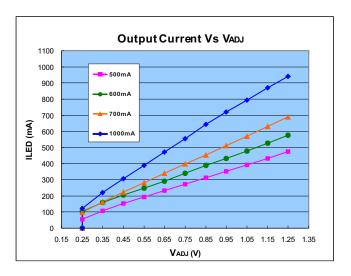
Notes : All dimensions are typical in millimeters ( inches ).
1. Pin diameter: 0.5±0.05 ( 0.02±0.002 )
2. Pin pitch and length tolerance: ±0.35 ( ±0.014 )
3. Case Tolerance: ±0.5 ( ±0.02 )

Pin #	CONNECTIONS		
1,2	- V Input	- DC Supply	
3	VADJ	PWM/ON/OFF or not used	
7,8	- V Output	LED Cathode Connection	
9,10	+V Output	LED Anode Connection	
15,16	+V Input	+DC Supply	

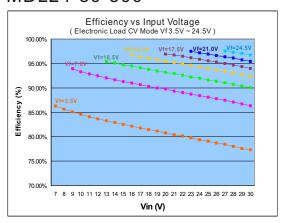
🔼 No connection is allowed between input and output



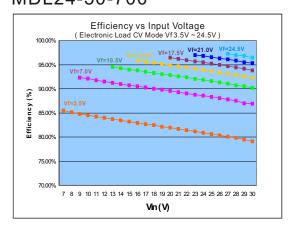
#### Typical electrical characteristic curves



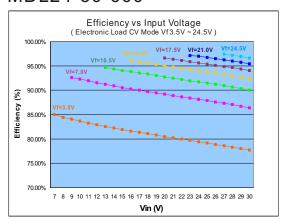
## MDL24-30-500



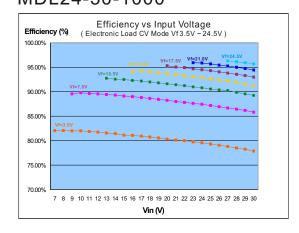
# MDL24-30-700



## MDL24-30-600



# MDL24-30-1000



**Q** 

ISO 9001 .ISO 14001 .IECQ QC080000

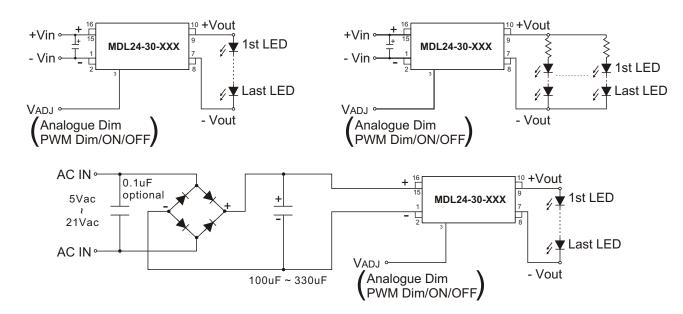
No. 9, Keji 2nd Rd., Tainan Technology Industrial Park, Tainan City 70955, Taiwan Fax: 886-6-384 2399

Tel: 886-6-384 2366 (Rep.) Website: www.motien.com.tw Email: sales@motien.com.tw DRAWING:

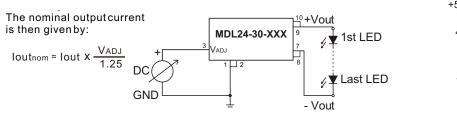
Last Update : AUG.07.2013

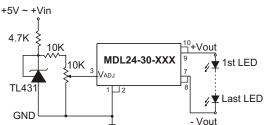


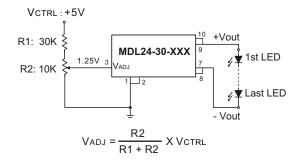
#### Typical Application



# Output Current Adjustment By External DC Control Voltage

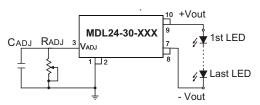






# Resistor dimming

By connecting a variable resistor between ADJ and GND, simple dimming can be achieved. Capacitor CADJ is optional for better AC mains interference and HF noise rejection. Recommend value of CADJ is 0.22uF.



The current output loutnom can be determined using the equation:

$$Iout_{nom} = \frac{Iout X RADJ}{(RADJ + 200K)}$$

If the value of RadJ is 0 to 2M ohm, the maximum adjust range of output current is 25% to 90%. (For Vin-Vout<20Vdc)



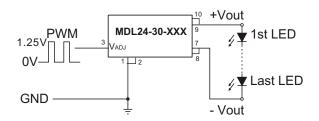
#### **Typical Application**

# Output Current Adjustment By PWM Control

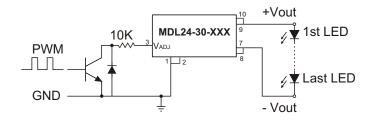
#### **Directly driving ADJ input**

A Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) signal with duty cycle, DPWM, can be applied to the ADJ pin, as shown below

Iout<sub>nom</sub> ≈ Iout x DPWM [If PWM frequency < 200Hz, for 0.1 < DPWM < 1]

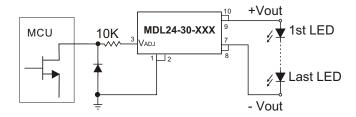


Driving the ADJ input via open collector transistor The diode and resistor suppress possible high amplitude negative spikes on the ADJ input resulting from the drain-s ource capacitance of the transistor. Negative spikes at the input to the device should be avoided as they may cause errors in output current, or erratic device operation.



#### Driving the ADJ input from a microcontroller

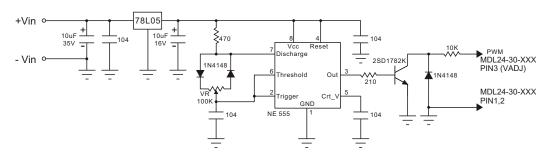
Another possibility isto drive the device from the open drain output of a microcontroller. The diagram below shows one method of doing this:



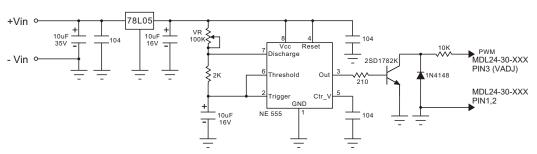
The diode and resistor suppress possible high amplitude negative spikes on the ADJ input resulting from the drain-s ource capacitance of the FET. Negative spikes at the input to the device should be avoided as they may cause errors in output current, or erratic device operation.

#### Output Current Adjustment By PWM Control (Dimming)

To avoid visible flickerthe PWM signal must be greater than 100Hz.



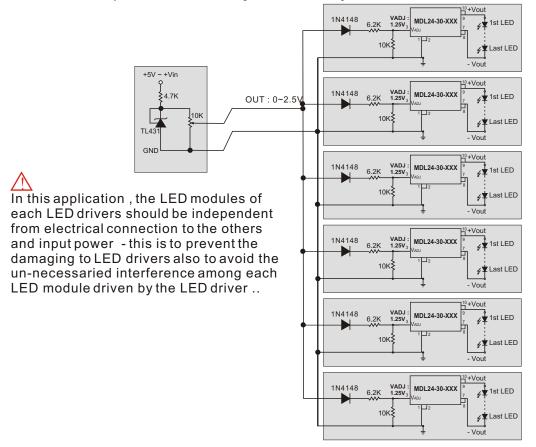
# Output Current Adjustment By PWM Control (Flash)



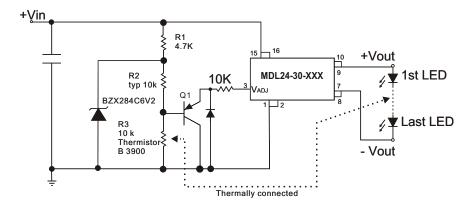
#### © MOTIEN ≋ πασσσσσσ

#### **Typical Application**

# Output Current Adjustment By External DC Control Voltage



# Thermal feedback circuit



The selection of components for the thermal feedback circuit is not only dependent on the choice of R2 and R3, but also on the amount of heat sink area required to extract heat from the LEDs. To maximize the light output at high ambient or operating temperature conditions, the LEDs must have a sufficient thermal extraction path, otherwise the thermal control circuit will effect current drive reduction in non-optimal conditions. The thermal control threshold point is set by adjusting R2. For this design, three values (33k, 22k and 10k) were evaluated. These values were chosen to give break points at approximately 25°C, 40°C and 60°C. Note that the light output will not continually dim to zero - the thermal control is applying DC control to the ADJ pin and therefore has a dimming ratio from maximum Current of approximately 5:1. Once the reduced DC level goes below the shutdown threshold of around 200mV, the LED drive current will fall to zero and the LEDs will be extinguished. The slope of the current reduction is determined by the beta value of the thermistor. The larger the beta value, the sharper will be the resultant current control response. The slope of the current reduction is also affected by Q1's base emitter voltage (VBE) variation with temperature.